

Protecting Yourself from Fraud

including Identity Theft

Advanced Level

Fraud

Fraud – an intentional effort to deceive another individual for personal gain

Arrests for crimes not committed

Damaged financial security

Tarnished credit reports

Compromised health





Common Types of Fraud

Identity Theft

When another's personal information is used without their permission

Communications

Occurs via mass marketing, mail, wire, telephone, Internet, etc. to deceitfully get money from people



Identity theft was the largest consumer fraud complaint reported to the Federal Trade Commission in 2010





Common Types of Fraud

Credit

Applying for and modifying credit (most common involves mortgages)

Investment

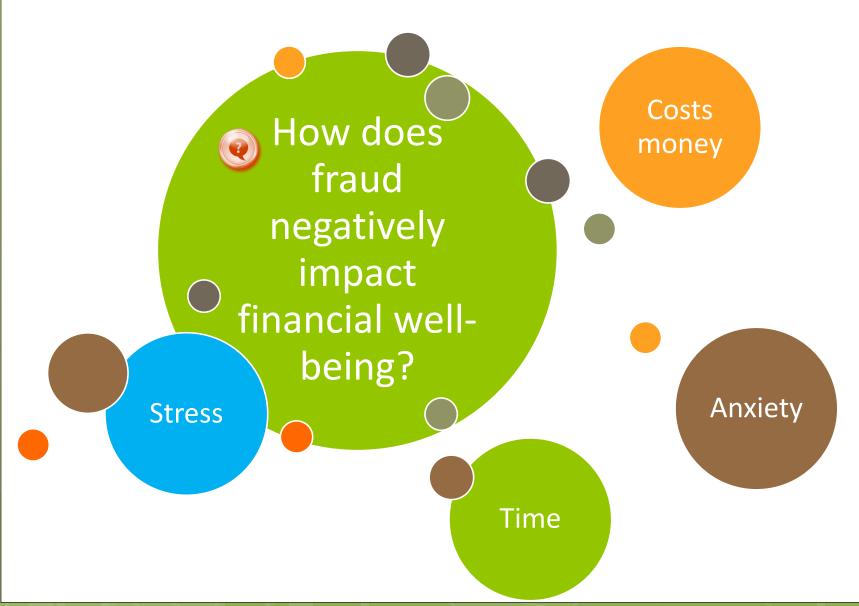
Investors are deceived by individuals claiming to be financial advisors or have an investment guaranteed to make money

Tax

Scammers making claims that a person may be exempt from paying taxes







Solve the Mystery – Act 2



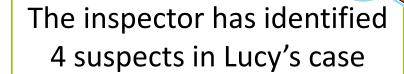
Listen carefully and take notes to help Lucy find the person who stole her identity





Four Suspects...





Colonel Mustard Searched through Lucy's outgoing mail

Mrs.

Peacock

Guessed Lucy's PIN number

Mrs. White

Searched through Lucy's discarded mail

Professor Plum

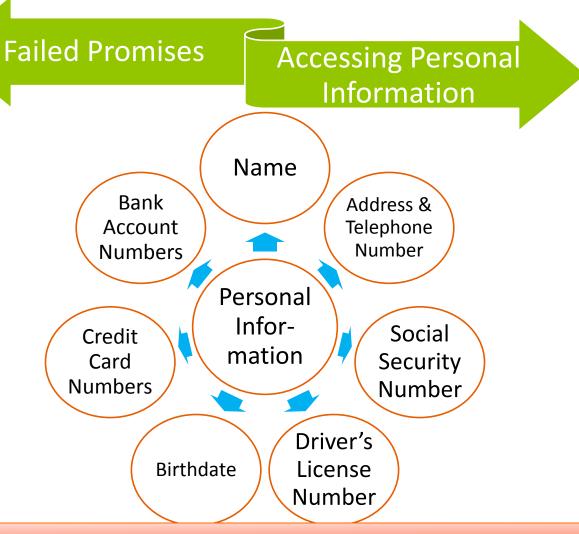
Searched Lucy's online banking website



Which type of fraud has been committed against Lucy?



How Does Fraud Occur?





What can a scammer do if they gain access to your information?

Personal Information

?

Search your purses,
wallets and
backpacks.
What are you
carrying with you
right now that
reveals personal
information?

Drivers license

Debit & credit cards

Electronic devices

Identification cards





How Thieves Access Personal Information

Stealing a purse, wallet, financial records, mail, etc.

Diverting mail

Skimming credit and debit card information

Phishing for personal information via email

Hacking a computer to install spyware



How did the scammer access Lucy's information?





Protecting Yourself From Fraud

You are better off in a community than by yourself.



 Government creates and manages agencies designed to protect you from fraud But, you are also responsible for yourself.

 The best way to avoid fraud it to be alert to the risk and protect yourself



Protect Your Personal Information

Don't carry your Social Security Card

Sign credit and debit cards with signature and "Please See ID"

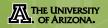
Memorize and use difficult PIN numbers

Shred personal documents before discarding them

Keep personal records in a secure location

Deposit outgoing mail in a secure post office collection box

Be careful of what personal information is posted on the Internet





Check Your Credit Reports

Immediately dispute errors

Evaluate Situations

Verify sources requesting information

Monitor Financial Information

 Consistently monitor information such as credit statements, depository institution statements, etc





Be Careful When Using the Internet

Look for "https" or a picture of a lock

Keep usernames and passwords safe

Use a credit card when making online purchases

Search for your name

Once information is posted online, it can't be taken back!

Use privacy settings on social networking sites



Use updated antivirus and antispyware software

Practice electronic device safety

Do not click on links found in pop-up advertisements or suspicious email

Watch for strange actions that may indicate spyware



Credit and Debit Cards

Credit Cards

Maximum liability is \$50

No liability if a lost card is reported before being fraudulently used

No liability if the card number is used, but not the card itself

Debit Cards

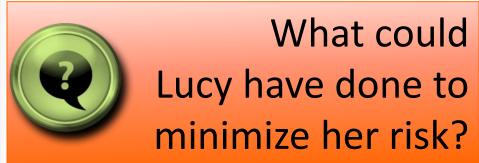
Liability depends on how quickly the card is reported and depository institution policies

Ranges from \$0-unlimited!

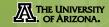








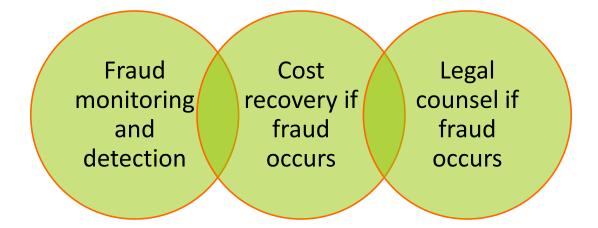
- Mail her documents from a secure post office location
- Use a PIN number that is not easy to guess
- Shred documents that contain personal information
- Use secure websites and computers
- Use privacy settings on social networking sites
- Never give personal information out via email





Fraud Protection Services

Companies may offer various types of services including:



You are your best advocate!







Recognize Fraud Early

ct Immediately if...

A business that has taken your money won't return your calls

Unfamiliar or unrecognizable charges

You are denied credit

Mail is missing

Errors in your credit report



Could Lucy have recognized the theft earlier?



If You Are a Victim

Act Immediately Keep detailed records File a report with your local law enforcement

Report to the appropriate federal agency



The Stop Fraud website will tell you which agency to report to and provide specific tips depending on the type of fraud



Most Common Government Protection Agencies

Federal Trade Commission

Prevent business practices that are anticompetitive, deceptive or unfair to consumers

Consumer
Financial
Protection Bureau

Makes markets for consumer financial products and services work for Americans

Federal Drug
Administration

Protects the public health

Federal
Communications
Commission

Regulates interstate and international communication



Most Common Government Protection Agencies

US Securities and Exchange Commission

Protect investors and maintain fair, orderly and efficient financial markets

Internal Revenue Service

Enforce tax laws

Federal
Bureau of
Investigation

Protects the United States and its citizens





Solve the Mystery

Answer Questions Correctly to Earn Clues!





Who is Lucy's Scammer? – Act 3





Make Your Guess!

Colonel Mustard
Searched through
Lucy's outgoing mail

Mrs.

Peacock

Guessed Lucy's PIN number Mrs. White

Searched through Lucy's discarded mail

Professor Plum

Searched Lucy's online banking website

